



**TOUR REPORT  
NORTH-EAST ENGLAND  
7<sup>TH</sup> – 13<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2022**

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**TUESDAY 7<sup>TH</sup> JUNE** – *Light NW wind and sunshine, 17C*

It was a slight change of plan to kick off our North-east tour today, as with everyone meeting the trip at our Norfolk base we had the flexibility to make a last minute change of itinerary! Instead of Frampton on our way north to East Yorkshire, we diverted up The Wash coast to Snettisham to take a walk north along the seawall past the coastal park to try for the **Great Reed Warbler** which had been present for the last couple of weeks. It was a really birdy area for us with our other main target bird, the **Turtle Dove**, proving easy to connect with as well – we heard one purring as soon as we climbed up onto the bank and went on to get great views of 3-4 different birds. The one mile walk north past the scrubby habitat of the coastal park produced lots of warblers, especially Sedge Warbler and Chiffchaff, but we heard **Grasshopper Warbler** too. While watching a **Turtle Dove** purring in a pine tree, a **Spotted Flycatcher** sallied out – a migrant no doubt grounded by the recent wet weather over the weekend, as this is certainly not a breeding location. We had some good views of the bird perched low in the hawthorns and it was certainly a bit special to get these two declining migrants in the same tree!



**Great Reed Warbler – a nice bonus at the start of the tour!**

Over on the Ken Hill marsh side, there were lots of waterbirds to be seen including **Spoonbills** – we had ace views of an adult in breeding plumage feeding in a small pool close to the bank, with another two adults each with a juvenile (or ‘teaspoon’!) in tow, fledged from the Holkham colony just around the coast. Lots of **Black-tailed Godwits** and a scattering of other common waterbirds were also seen, before we reached the kissing gate and could hear the raucous tones of the **Great Reed Warbler**. The bird performed typically well, eventually clambering right to the top of the reeds and we could see down its orange throat as it sang! A few raptors included a fine male **Marsh Harrier**, and on the walk back we had more good scope views of the **Turtle Doves** and a **Cuckoo** flew by. Not a bad start! Sadly we had some pretty awful traffic to contend with thereonin, so the journey up to Brandesburton in East Yorkshire wasn’t the best. We arrived just before 7pm, with a quick turnaround ready for dinner in the village at one of the local pubs.

### WEDNESDAY 8<sup>TH</sup> JUNE – *Sunny spells and light Southerly winds, 18C*

We headed to the Spurn area today for a full days birding, and were treated to some lovely warm weather for our wanderings around Britain's premier mainland birding hotspot. It was pretty quiet overall with no sign of any late migrants despite south-east winds and rain overnight, but we enjoyed the day regardless and managed a few bits and bobs. Starting at the Bluebell, we walked back west to Kilnsea and then south along the Canal bank path to check The Humber on the rising tide. A scattering of waders included two each of Curlew and **Grey Plover**, plus seven **Turnstone**. Small birds in the bushes and reeds were dominated mainly by **Sedge Warblers**, which seemed to be everywhere, but we also had Reed Bunting, Linnet, Meadow Pipit, **Reed Warbler** and **Common Whitethroat**. Heading down to The Warren and then onto the start of the breach, we were able to get closer views of a further group of **Grey Plovers** and a couple of **Dunlin**, and picked a migrant female **Wheatear** up along the stony beach. We began to notice small groups of **Swifts** moving south, mainly very high but some of them screeching as they went. This movement picked up pace during the day, with probably several hundred flying south into the breeze – perhaps an early movement of immatures and failed breeders, the like of which picks up late in the month at Spurn with sometimes spectacular numbers observed. A **Barn Owl** was a nice surprise near the Discovery Centre, giving us a superb fly-past.

Once back up at the van, we drove the short distance around to Kilnsea Wetlands and walked round to the hide. There wasn't much to be seen – a single Teal, few Gadwall, Little Egrets and the like. While in the hide, we heard news that a Bee-eater had just flown south at Flamborough – perhaps not much more than half an hour away from passing Spurn if we were lucky! So we exited the hide, and drove back to The Warren which we figured might be our best chance to connect. We scanned for about 45 minutes, and while we enjoyed watching more swifts and hirundines moving through, there was no sight or sound of our multi-coloured friend from the Med. Lunch next, in the warm sunshine at the Discovery Centre, and then back to the wetlands. **Little Terns** were our next target, and so we walked up to Long Bank and scanned across Beacon Lagoon. The Little Terns could be seen distantly over the dunes and beach, with a group of fifteen flying over us calling and heading out to The Humber. A single **Sandwich Tern** was also here, plus several Ringed Plover, five Dunlin and a brief **Sanderling**. To round off the day, we stopped in a farmland area just off the Spurn peninsula and spent some time watching **Yellow Wagtails** which were breeding in wheat fields beside the road – one male in particular showed really well as it came down to bathe in a puddle right in front of us. We did glimpse a very distant **Corn Bunting** too, but despite our best efforts, we couldn't relocate it. A nice male Yellowhammer was seen though. Back to base, arriving around 6pm ready for another pub dinner in the village.

### THURSDAY 9<sup>TH</sup> JUNE – *Sunny spells in fresh SW winds, 21C*

A spectacular days birding today, surely one of the best we have experienced during twenty years of running this particular tour. The weather didn't look all that inviting for late migrants, but on the back of a few bits earlier in the week we were always hopefully that we might bump into something around Flamborough Head, our first port of call for the morning. Parking at the lighthouse, we made our way down to the cliffs (checking all the Starlings that were buzzing about!) and enjoyed our first views of the seabirds. The water was carpeted in auks, and we had **Guillemots**, **Razorbills** and **Puffin** all in the scope together. **Kittiwakes** were wheeling around calling as they flew in and out front their nesting ledges, and the cliff-nesting House Martins could be seen too. Knowing more views of all these birds would follow later, we set off across the outer head to the south side, checking along the hedgerows and the newly sown cover crop south-east of the lighthouse. Here we enjoyed a plethora



of farmland birds which was just great to see – lots of Linnets, Skylarks and Meadow Pipits, singing **Yellowhammer** and Reed Bunting, and **Tree Sparrows** feeding young. Best of all were two **Corn Buntings**, including one jangling its keys for us! The barley looked beautiful swirling in the breeze and we couldn't resist taking some pics looking back at the lighthouse with poppies in the foreground and a Roe Deer poking its rufous head above the yellowing ears of corn. Fulmars were seen as we walked west along the south side of the head following the coastal path, towards Old Fall.



**Common Rosefinch at Flamborough Head**

The Old Fall hedge and plantation are always worth checking and we stopped at the cliff edge to scan along the hedgerow where again there were Yellowhammers, Reed Bunting and Linnet. A **Hobby** flashed by and made a couple of passes along the top of the plantation before dashing on. Chris called us back just as we were about to head on up the hedge – he'd seen a finch which he didn't think was a Linnet, pale underneath with a lightly streaked chest. We thought perhaps a pale Linnet, or even female Reed Bunting? Clearly he wasn't convinced by either of these suggestions and thankfully spotted his bird again, perched halfway up the edge of a hawthorn. Ashley looked in his scope to check what we were dealing with – it was a bloody **Common Rosefinch**! A superb spot and even better it was close and in good light, so all scopes were soon trained on the bird. OK, it was a female type (males can be drab and grey too if immature) but subtly beautiful all the same, with its stubby bill, beady eye, two pale wing bars and streaked chest. A hint of olive on the rump showed in the sunshine. It was very confiding, dropping twice into the crop but returning each time to perch prominently in the hedge. A new bird for several of the group! After putting the news out, we completed our walk north back up to the road and round to the lighthouse car park.

After a coffee break we made our way to South Landing, where a female Red-backed Shrike had been seen yesterday. There didn't seem to be any sign of it today though, despite an earlier claim. We did get a smart male **Bullfinch** (a much rarer bird for Larry!) and more views of Yellowhammers and Whitethroats too. Onwards though, with our next target being the Honey Buzzards up at Wykeham Forest which was about 50 minutes drive away. We arrived there about 1.30pm, so took lunch with us down to the viewpoint which was bathed in warm sunshine. This is a stunning location to spend a bit of time, even if there's no birds! There was of course plenty to see though, with **Willow Warbler**, **Siskin** and **Spotted Flycatcher** notable just around the viewpoint and lots of Common Buzzards and a **Peregrine** up in the sky. An hour passed with no sign of our quarry, then Ashley spotted a female **Honey Buzzard** approaching low over the trees to our right. It was coming straight at us, but saw us and banked slightly behind some trees before reappearing again. Its strongly barred underwings and boldly spotted underparts could be easily seen. It was all a little too brief, but thankfully this was alleviated when a male **Honey Buzzard** appeared and began to circle round being mobbed by a Common Buzzard! A superb comparison and time for scope views for some of the group, before it disappeared back behind the trees. We all flunked the photos, but some decent views anyway!



**Black-browed Albatross – what a bird!**

Forty minutes back to Bempton then for what would hopefully be the icing on the cake – but would the **Black-browed Albatross** do the right thing for us and linger on the cliffs long enough for us to connect? We'd chosen the afternoon as it had been following a pattern of present early morning, then out to sea, then back late afternoon. Today though, it had already been sat on the cliffs most of the day and so there was always the worry it would upsticks before we got down to Staple Newk! We needn't have worried, as it was still settled on the cliffs as we arrived and we had some good scope views. Over the next hour we then saw it fly out and land on the sea and bathe, fly around again with scope views as it wheeled around below us, and then back onto the cliffs where it had a



nibble at the surrounding Gannets and generally just showed brilliantly! Quite a bird, and something extraordinary when the spectacle of Bempton itself and all the nesting seabirds, gets relegated to the supporting cast! **Kittiwakes**, **Guillemots**, **Razorbills**, **Fulmars** and **Puffins** of course were all seen brilliantly while we watched the **Black-browed Albatross** – just a mega day!

**FRIDAY 10<sup>TH</sup> JUNE** – *Strong winds and sunny spells, 15C*

Today we packed up and moved on from our East Yorkshire base, with a travelling day through the fells and woods of County Durham on the cards. It took around 3hrs to reach our first birding stop in Upper Teesdale, via a stop at Scotch Corner for coffee and provisions. We could tell the wind was picking up as we wound our way up beyond Middleton-in-Teesdale and reached our first stop at Moor House NR, where we would follow the path out to the Tees and the base of Widdybank Fell. Breeding waders along the track here included plenty of Curlew and Lapwing, plus the odd Redshank and Oystercatcher – sadly though, the days of throngs of breeding waders here seem to be behind us. Dropping down towards the farm, we spotted two male **Black Grouse** in the hay meadows and thankfully the light was on our side, so we could get some great views of them by dropping down a bit out of the wind. One of the birds perched up on a stone wall and we could see his lyre-shaped tail, glossy blue-black neck and red wattle. We watched them poking about among the buttercups for some while, enjoying some really nice scope views. Down by the river, a pair of **Common Sandpipers** showed well but for the first year ever, there didn't seem to be any Ring Ouzels around at all. **Wheatear** was seen, but with the wind funnelling through the valley we decided to cut our losses and head back out to the van. Lunch by the river produced the hoped-for **Dipper**, initially feeding along the edge of the burn and diving underwater, before perching under an overhang where it sat motionless for 15 minutes or more! A **Spotted Flycatcher** was seen, a Willow Warbler was singing and a male **Siskin** was displaying here too.



© Jeremy Shindler  
**Red Grouse and chicks**

Next we climbed out of Teesdale and over the watershed into neighbouring Weardale. A detour from Eastgate up to Rookhope to try another Ring Ouzel spot was equally unsuccessful in the howling wind. Crossing the moors near Edmundbyers though we had some superb roadside views of **Red Grouse**, including a pair with three chicks. The remainder of the afternoon would be spent in some deciduous woodland where we hoped to connect with a singing Wood Warbler seen by last weeks group – unfortunately there was no sight or sound of it at all, but we did get close views of a female **Pied Flycatcher** feeding young in a nest box, and a little further along the road a pair of **Redstarts** were feeding two fledged speckly youngsters. They were hard to see though, with the dapper male only perching briefly in the open despite calling constantly. **Treecreeper** was also seen here, but in truth it was really hard going in the very strong winds. From here we had an hour's drive to our next base in Amble, Northumberland. Along the way, a pair of **Curlew** with three chicks right beside the road were a real highlight and rounded off a tough day pretty well.

#### **SATURDAY 11<sup>TH</sup> JUNE** – *Sunny spells and strong SW winds, 16C*

It was another very windy day as we set off to Wooler and on into the Northumberland National Park for the morning. Heading down into the beautiful Harthope Valley we were soon enjoying a good range of species kicking off with a fly-by female **Goosander**, and then scope views of a singing **Garden Warbler** which we heard from the van as we were driving along and managed to pick it out perched in the open in the top of a hawthorn on the adjacent slope. It was great to listen to it's 'babbling brook' song compared to the more strident whistled notes of the Blackcaps we had been hearing earlier in the trip. Further down into the valley, and what was probably our mian target bird here popped up in the bracken by the roadside – a stunning male **Whinchat**. This species is never easy to find despite breeding on the hillside here, but thankfully a pair were feeding young and we were able to get some good views of them in the end. A rains storm sent us packing back into the van for a bit but then it brightened up and despite the wind we had great views of male Lesser Redpoll, a fly-past **Cuckoo**, pair of **Grey Wagtails** along the river and several **Red Grouse** on the hillside. The **Whinchats** kept popping up for us and we had probably our most prolonged views just as we were making our way back out along the valley. A short stop in Wooler followed to collect our pre-ordered lunch from the bakery, and then we made the forty minute journey through scenic countryside out to the coast at Seahouses.



**Arctic Tern** by tour participant Jeremy Schindler



Our afternoon boat trip to the Farne Islands was scheduled for 2pm, and the sun was now shining as we had lunch on the harbourside in the company of several female **Eiders**. Thankfully the strong winds were blowing off the land, meaning the sea was actually fairly sedate despite a bit of spray. Reaching the islands, we toured the inner group seeing plenty of **Guillemots**, **Razorbills**, **Shags**, **Puffins**, **Kittiwakes** and **Fulmars**, plus a few **Grey Seals** bobbing in the water too. Our skipper decided the wind was too much to head out around the outer group, so we chugged in to the Inner Farne and made landfall for just over an hour ashore.



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**Auks in flight from the Farne Islands boat trip, 11<sup>th</sup> June**

**Arctic Terns** were back nesting on the island after a desertion last year following Covid (no staff on the islands to clear vegetation, no visitors to help keep gulls away etc), and it was great to see the **Sandwich Tern** colony doing well with lots of half-grown chicks. **Puffins** of course were very much in evidence, with around 40,000 nesting around the Farne Islands each year. With their chicks now hatching below ground, we watched many trying to run the gauntlet of gulls to get down their burrows with a beak full of sandeels! Up at the cliffs, we enjoyed the usual close-ups of nesting **Shags** and **Razorbills**, and managed to pick out one or two 'bridled' Guillemots. Two female **Eiders** had a creche of ducklings beside the path near the lighthouse too, which was pretty cool. Back down at the jetty, there was time to check the resting **Arctic Terns** for anything more unusual, before we boarded the boat back to Seahouses harbour. A fairly leisurely day, but a great one all the same!

**SUNDAY 12<sup>TH</sup> JUNE** – *Strong westerly winds and sunny spells, 15C*

The relentless wind that had been with us for the past two days continued today, making for a tricky last day of the tour but thankfully, we managed our Coquet Island boat trip which had felt as though



it could be hanging in the balance. In the morning though, we would explore the excellent Druridge Bay reserves starting at East Chevington. We hoped to hear and see Grasshopper Warbler here but sadly the wind was so ferocious it was clear we had little chance. Sedge Warblers and Whitethroats, Reed Buntings and Stonechats were in the coastal scrub and on the lagoon we added our first Great Crested Grebe of the trip and saw a few common waterbirds. The highlight though was not a bird at all but a mammal, as we spotted a large dog **Otter** fishing out in the middle of the lagoon from one of the hides. A nice bonus! Driving round to the far side of the site we found a sheltered spot by the southern hide and enjoyed watching the comings and goings of terns dropping in to bathe no doubt from the nearby Coquet colony. At one point we had **Sandwich, Common** and **Arctic Terns** lined up side by side which was a very useful comparison. Masses of Swifts were feeding low over the reserve, but we couldn't repeat last years excitement of a Pacific Swift in amongst them on this occasion!

After a pit stop at the hotel we headed south to Druridge Pools NR, and after another unsuccessful search for Grasshopper Warbler we retreated to the shelter of the south facing hide. A **Spoonbill** was snoozing, and a good assortment of waterfowl included lots of Gadwall, a few **Shoveler, Avocet**, some dapper **Black-tailed Godwits** and 16 **Dunlin** in summer plumage. The Budge Screen added more of the same, plus a scattering of drake Teal and some nice scope views of **Snipe**. A great site with the habitat looking prime for a rare bird to drop in at any moment! Cresswell Pond was weirdly quiet, so we didn't linger here for too long before heading up to Amble where we picked up some lunch and ate on the picnic tables in the sunshine by the harbour. Our boat trip was scheduled at 2pm and soon we were chugging out towards Coquet Island, which felt like a real achievement in itself given the weather! A dozen **Goosanders** were roosting on the harbour wall and as we sailed out towards the island, we began to see lots of Common and Sandwich Terns flying past the boat, a few Arctic Terns, and lots of **Puffins**. With the westerly wind driving in against the jetty, it was difficult to get close despite the high tide, and with the swell making it hard to keep the optics still, seeing the **Roseate Terns** was a bit of a challenge. Still, we had good views of one flying past the boat and joining a melee of fishing birds, and saw several settled on the rocks around the jetty, and on the nesting boxes. The black bill, pale plumage and slight pink flush to the chest of the **Roseate Terns** could certainly be seen and while it wasn't crippling views, it was still decent. Back to harbour then, and still time for one more roll of the dice!

An American Black Tern had been present again this summer at the Long Nanny ternery and we were quite keen to give this transatlantic wanderer a go. The colony is superb here and we had fantastic views of the some 800+ pairs of **Arctic Terns** with some feeding small chicks right below the watchpoint. **Little Terns** and Ringed Plovers could also be seen nesting on the beach and A superb first-summer **Little Gull** battled past us into the wind. There was no sign of the 'ABT' though so we walked round towards the bridge for another angle. Eight **Little Gulls** could be counted from this vantage point, and more good views of the terns, but sadly our quarry wouldn't put in an appearance for us. Back at the van, a weary crew was certainly ready to head back to the hotel ready for our last dinner together before heading home tomorrow.

**MONDAY 13<sup>TH</sup> JUNE** – *Sunny spells and fresh winds, 18C*

A travelling day today as we departed Amble after breakfast and headed back to Norfolk with stops in Morpeth and King's Lynn.



**Puffin on the Farnes**



**Sandwich Tern having a stretch by the Inner Farne jetty**





**Roger looks on as an Eider creche crosses the path, Inner Farne**



**Common Rosefinch – a great spot by Chris, well captured by Jeremy!**



**Oriole Birding**  
**North-east England Grand Tour**  
**7th to 13th June 2022**

*Species order, names and taxonomy follows - Gill, F and D Donsker (Eds). 2018. IOC World Bird List (v 8.1). <http://www.worldbirdnames.org/>*

| #  | Common Name            | Scientific name               | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | COMMENTS |
|----|------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 1  | Greylag Goose          | <i>Anser anser</i>            | ▪ | ▪ |   | ▪  |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 2  | Brent Goose            | <i>Branta bernicla</i>        |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 3  | Canada Goose           | <i>Branta canadensis</i>      | ▪ |   |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 4  | Mute Swan              | <i>Cygnus olor</i>            | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 5  | Common Shelduck        | <i>Tadorna tadorna</i>        | ▪ | ▪ |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 6  | Garganey               | <i>Spatula querquedula</i>    |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7  | Northern Shoveler      | <i>Spatula clypeata</i>       | ▪ |   |   |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 8  | Gadwall                | <i>Mareca strepera</i>        | ▪ | ▪ |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 9  | Eurasian Wigeon        | <i>Mareca penelope</i>        |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 10 | Mallard                | <i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>     | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 11 | Northern Pintail       | <i>Anas acuta</i>             |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 12 | Eurasian Teal          | <i>Anas crecca</i>            |   | ▪ |   |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 13 | Common Pochard         | <i>Aythya ferina</i>          |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 14 | Tufted Duck            | <i>Aythya fuligula</i>        | ▪ |   |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 15 | Common Eider           | <i>Somateria mollissima</i>   |   |   |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 16 | Common Scoter          | <i>Melanitta nigra</i>        |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 17 | Goosander              | <i>Mergus merganser</i>       |   |   |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 18 | Red-breasted Merganser | <i>Mergus serrator</i>        |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 19 | Red-legged Partridge   | <i>Alectoris rufa</i>         | ▪ |   | ▪ |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 20 | Common Pheasant        | <i>Phasianus colchicus</i>    | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 21 | Grey Partridge         | <i>Perdix perdix</i>          |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 22 | Black Grouse           | <i>Tetrao tetrix</i>          |   |   |   | ▪  |    |    |    |          |
| 23 | Red Grouse             | <i>Lagopus lagopus</i>        |   |   |   | ▪  | ▪  |    |    |          |
| 24 | Little Grebe           | <i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i> |   |   |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 25 | Great Crested Grebe    | <i>Podiceps cristatus</i>     |   |   | ▪ |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 26 | Northern Fulmar        | <i>Fulmarus glacialis</i>     |   |   | ▪ |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |

| #  | Common Name            | Scientific name                  | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | COMMENTS |
|----|------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 27 | Northern Gannet        | <i>Morus bassanus</i>            |   |   | ■ |    | ■  |    |    |          |
| 28 | Great Cormorant        | <i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>       | ■ | ■ |   |    | ■  | ■  |    |          |
| 29 | European Shag          | <i>Phalacrocorax aristotelis</i> |   |   |   |    | ■  |    |    |          |
| 30 | Grey Heron             | <i>Ardea cinerea</i>             | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■  | ■  | ■  |    |          |
| 31 | Great White Egret      | <i>Ardea alba</i>                |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 32 | Little Egret           | <i>Egretta garzetta</i>          | ■ | ■ |   |    |    | ■  |    |          |
| 33 | Eurasian Spoonbill     | <i>Platalea leucorodia</i>       | ■ |   |   |    |    | ■  |    |          |
| 34 | Western Marsh Harrier  | <i>Circus aeruginosus</i>        | ■ |   |   |    |    | ■  |    |          |
| 35 | Eurasian Sparrowhawk   | <i>Accipiter nisus</i>           |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 36 | Red Kite               | <i>Milvus milvus</i>             | ■ |   |   | ■  |    |    |    |          |
| 37 | Common Buzzard         | <i>Buteo buteo</i>               | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■  |    |    |    |          |
| 38 | Water Rail             | <i>Rallus aquaticus</i>          |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 39 | Common Moorhen         | <i>Gallinula chloropus</i>       | ■ |   | ■ |    | ■  | ■  |    |          |
| 40 | Eurasian Coot          | <i>Fulica atra</i>               | ■ |   | ■ |    | ■  | ■  |    |          |
| 41 | Pied Avocet            | <i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>    | ■ | ■ |   |    |    | ■  |    |          |
| 42 | Eurasian Oystercatcher | <i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>     | ■ | ■ |   | ■  | ■  | ■  |    |          |
| 43 | Grey Plover            | <i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>      |   | ■ |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 44 | European Golden Plover | <i>Pluvialis apricaria</i>       |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 45 | Northern Lapwing       | <i>Vanellus vanellus</i>         | ■ |   | ■ | ■  | ■  | ■  |    |          |
| 46 | Common Ringed Plover   | <i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>      |   | ■ |   |    |    | ■  |    |          |
| 47 | Little Ringed Plover   | <i>Charadrius dubius</i>         |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 48 | Whimbrel               | <i>Numenius phaeopus</i>         |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 49 | Eurasian Curlew        | <i>Numenius arquata</i>          |   | ■ |   | ■  | ■  | ■  |    |          |
| 50 | Bar-tailed Godwit      | <i>Limosa lapponica</i>          |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 51 | Black-tailed Godwit    | <i>Limosa limosa</i>             | ■ |   |   |    |    | ■  |    |          |
| 52 | Ruddy Turnstone        | <i>Arenaria interpres</i>        |   | ■ |   |    |    | ■  |    |          |
| 53 | Red Knot               | <i>Calidris canutus</i>          |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 54 | Ruff                   | <i>Calidris pugnax</i>           |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 55 | Curlew Sandpiper       | <i>Calidris ferruginea</i>       |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 56 | Sanderling             | <i>Calidris alba</i>             |   | ■ |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 57 | Dunlin                 | <i>Calidris alpina</i>           |   | ■ |   |    |    | ■  |    |          |
| 58 | Little Stint           | <i>Calidris minut</i>            |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |



| #  | Common Name              | Scientific name                   | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | COMMENTS |
|----|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 59 | Eurasian Woodcock        | <i>Scolopax rusticola</i>         |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 60 | Common Snipe             | <i>Gallinago gallinago</i>        |   |   |   |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 61 | Common Sandpiper         | <i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>         |   |   |   | ▪  | ▪  |    |    |          |
| 62 | Green Sandpiper          | <i>Tringa ochropus</i>            |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 63 | Spotted Redshank         | <i>Tringa erythropus</i>          |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 64 | Common Greenshank        | <i>Tringa nebularia</i>           |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 65 | Wood Sandpiper           | <i>Tringa glareola</i>            |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 66 | Common Redshank          | <i>Tringa totanus</i>             | ▪ |   |   | ▪  |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 67 | Common Guillemot         | <i>Uria aalge</i>                 |   |   | ▪ |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 68 | Razorbill                | <i>Alca torda</i>                 |   |   | ▪ |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 69 | Atlantic Puffin          | <i>Fratercula arctica</i>         |   |   | ▪ |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 70 | Black-legged Kittiwake   | <i>Rissa tridactyla</i>           |   |   | ▪ |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 71 | Black-headed Gull        | <i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i> | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 72 | Little Gull              | <i>Hydrocoloeus minutus</i>       |   |   |   |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 73 | Mediterranean Gull       | <i>Ichthyaetus melanocephalus</i> |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 74 | Common Gull              | <i>Larus canus</i>                |   |   |   |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 75 | Herring Gull             | <i>Larus argentatus</i>           | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 76 | Lesser Black-backed Gull | <i>Larus fuscus</i>               |   | ▪ |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 77 | Great Black-backed Gull  | <i>Larus marinus</i>              |   | ▪ | ▪ |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 78 | Little Tern              | <i>Sternula albifrons</i>         |   | ▪ |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 79 | Roseate Tern             | <i>Sterna dougallii</i>           |   |   |   |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 80 | Common Tern              | <i>Sterna hirundo</i>             | ▪ |   |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 81 | Arctic Tern              | <i>Sterna paradisaea</i>          |   |   |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 82 | Sandwich Tern            | <i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i>    |   | ▪ |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 83 | Rock Dove (Feral Pigeon) | <i>Columba livia</i>              |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 84 | Stock Dove               | <i>Columba oenas</i>              |   | ▪ |   |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 85 | Common Woodpigeon        | <i>Columba palumbus</i>           | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 86 | European Turtle Dove     | <i>Streptopelia turtur</i>        | ▪ |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 87 | Collared Dove            | <i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>      | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 88 | Common Cuckoo            | <i>Cuculus canorus</i>            | ▪ |   |   |    | ▪  |    |    |          |
| 89 | Barn Owl                 | <i>Tyto alba</i>                  |   | ▪ |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 90 | Little Owl               | <i>Athene noctua</i>              |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |

| #   | Common Name               | Scientific name                | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | COMMENTS |
|-----|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 91  | Tawny Owl                 | <i>Strix aluco</i>             |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 92  | Common Swift              | <i>Apus apus</i>               | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 93  | Common Kingfisher         | <i>Alcedo atthis</i>           |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 94  | Great Spotted Woodpecker  | <i>Dendrocopos major</i>       |   |   |   |    | ▪  |    |    |          |
| 95  | Eurasian Green Woodpecker | <i>Picus viridis</i>           |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 96  | Common Kestrel            | <i>Falco tinnunculus</i>       | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 97  | Eurasian Hobby            | <i>Falco subbuteo</i>          |   |   | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |
| 98  | Peregrine Falcon          | <i>Falco peregrinus</i>        | ▪ |   | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |
| 99  | Eurasian Jay              | <i>Garrulus glandarius</i>     | ▪ |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 100 | Common Magpie             | <i>Pica pica</i>               | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 101 | Eurasian Jackdaw          | <i>Corvus monedula</i>         | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 102 | Rook                      | <i>Corvus frugilegus</i>       | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 103 | Carrion Crow              | <i>Corvus corone</i>           | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 104 | Hooded Crow               | <i>Corvus cornix</i>           |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 105 | Eurasian Skylark          | <i>Alauda arvensis</i>         | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 106 | Sand Martin               | <i>Riparia riparia</i>         |   | ▪ |   | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 107 | Barn Swallow              | <i>Hirundo rustica</i>         | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 108 | Common House Martin       | <i>Delichon urbicum</i>        | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 109 | Coal Tit                  | <i>Parus ater</i>              |   |   | H |    |    |    |    |          |
| 110 | Marsh Tit                 | <i>Poecile palustris</i>       |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 111 | Eurasian Blue Tit         | <i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>     |   | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  |    | H  |    |          |
| 112 | Great Tit                 | <i>Parus major</i>             |   | ▪ | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |
| 113 | Long-tailed Tit           | <i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>     | ▪ |   |   |    |    | H  |    |          |
| 114 | Eurasian Nuthatch         | <i>Sitta europaea</i>          | ▪ |   |   | ▪  |    |    |    |          |
| 115 | Eurasian Treecreeper      | <i>Certhia familiaris</i>      |   |   |   | ▪  |    |    |    |          |
| 116 | Eurasian Wren             | <i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i> | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | H  |    |          |
| 117 | White-throated Dipper     | <i>Cinclus cinclus</i>         |   |   |   | ▪  |    |    |    |          |
| 118 | Goldcrest                 | <i>Regulus regulus</i>         | H |   | ▪ | H  |    |    |    |          |
| 119 | Cetti's Warbler           | <i>Cettia cetti</i>            | ▪ |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 120 | Willow Warbler            | <i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>  |   |   | ▪ | H  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 121 | Common Chiffchaff         | <i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>  | ▪ | H | H | H  | H  | H  |    |          |

| #   | Common Name                | Scientific name                   | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | COMMENTS |
|-----|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 122 | Wood Warbler               | <i>Phylloscopus sibilatrix</i>    |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 123 | Sedge Warbler              | <i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i> | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 124 | Eurasian Reed Warbler      | <i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>    | ▪ | ▪ |   |    |    | H  |    |          |
| 125 | Common Grasshopper Warbler | <i>Locustella naevia</i>          | H |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 126 | Eurasian Blackcap          | <i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>         | ▪ |   | H |    | H  | H  |    |          |
| 127 | Garden Warbler             | <i>Sylvia borin</i>               |   |   |   |    | ▪  |    |    |          |
| 128 | Lesser Whitethroat         | <i>Sylvia curruca</i>             |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 129 | Common Whitethroat         | <i>Sylvia communis</i>            | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 130 | Spotted Flycatcher         | <i>Muscicapa striata</i>          | ▪ |   | ▪ | ▪  |    |    |    |          |
| 131 | European Robin             | <i>Erithacus rubecula</i>         | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 132 | Pied Flycatcher            | <i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>         |   |   |   | ▪  |    |    |    |          |
| 133 | Common Redstart            | <i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>    |   |   |   | ▪  | H  |    |    |          |
| 134 | Whinchat                   | <i>Saxicola rubetra</i>           |   |   |   |    | ▪  |    |    |          |
| 135 | European Stonechat         | <i>Saxicola rubicola</i>          |   |   | ▪ |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 136 | Northern Wheatear          | <i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>          |   | ▪ |   | ▪  |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 137 | Ring Ouzel                 | <i>Turdus torquatus</i>           |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 138 | Eurasian Blackbird         | <i>Turdus merula</i>              | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 139 | Song Thrush                | <i>Turdus philomelos</i>          | ▪ |   | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 140 | Mistle Thrush              | <i>Turdus viscivorus</i>          |   |   |   | ▪  | ▪  |    |    |          |
| 141 | Common Starling            | <i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>           | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 142 | Dunnock                    | <i>Prunella modularis</i>         | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 143 | Western Yellow Wagtail     | <i>Motacilla flava</i>            |   | ▪ |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 144 | Grey Wagtail               | <i>Motacilla cinerea</i>          |   |   |   |    | ▪  |    |    |          |
| 145 | Pied Wagtail               | <i>Motacilla alba</i>             | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 146 | Meadow Pipit               | <i>Anthus pratensis</i>           | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 147 | Tree Pipit                 | <i>Anthus trivialis</i>           |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 148 | Rock Pipit                 | <i>Anthus petrosus</i>            |   |   |   |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 149 | Yellowhammer               | <i>Emberiza citrinella</i>        |   | ▪ | ▪ |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 150 | Common Reed Bunting        | <i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>       | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 151 | Corn Bunting               | <i>Emberiza calandra</i>          |   | ▪ | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |
| 152 | Common Chaffinch           | <i>Fringilla coelebs</i>          | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 153 | Eurasian Bullfinch         | <i>Pyrrhula pyrrhula</i>          | ▪ |   | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |



| #   | Common Name         | Scientific name            | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | COMMENTS |
|-----|---------------------|----------------------------|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 154 | European Greenfinch | <i>Chloris chloris</i>     | ▪ | ▪ | H |    |    |    |    |          |
| 155 | Common Linnet       | <i>Linaria cannabina</i>   | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 156 | Lesser Redpoll      | <i>Acanthis cabaret</i>    |   |   |   |    | ▪  |    |    |          |
| 157 | European Goldfinch  | <i>Carduelis carduelis</i> | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 158 | Eurasian Siskin     | <i>Spinus spinus</i>       |   |   | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  |    |    |          |
| 159 | House Sparrow       | <i>Passer domesticus</i>   | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪  | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |
| 160 | Tree Sparrow        | <i>Passer montanus</i>     |   |   | ▪ |    |    | ▪  |    |          |

#### ADDITIONAL SPECIES

| 161 | Great Reed Warbler     |  | ▪ |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
|-----|------------------------|--|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 162 | Common Rosefinch       |  |   |   | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |
| 163 | Honey Buzzard          |  |   |   | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |
| 164 | Black-browed Albatross |  |   |   | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |
| #   | Other wildlife         |  | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | COMMENTS |
| 1   | Red Admiral            |  | ▪ |   | ▪ | ▪  |    |    |    |          |
| 2   | Small Tortoiseshell    |  | ▪ |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 3   | Small Heath            |  |   | ▪ |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 4   | Common Blue            |  |   | ▪ |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 5   | Holly Blue             |  | ▪ |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 6   | Brimstone              |  | ▪ |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7   | Wall                   |  |   | ▪ |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 8   | Speckled Wood          |  | ▪ |   | ▪ |    |    | ▪  |    |          |
| 9   | Orange Tip             |  |   | ▪ | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |
| 10  | Brown Hare             |  |   | ▪ | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |
| 11  | Red Fox                |  |   | ▪ |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 12  | Roe Deer               |  |   | ▪ | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |
| 13  | Rabbit                 |  |   | ▪ | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |
| 14  | Muntjac                |  | ▪ |   |   |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15  | Painted Lady           |  |   |   | ▪ |    |    |    |    |          |
| 16  | Grey Seal              |  |   |   |   |    | ▪  | ▪  |    |          |